The Daily Telegram.

Vol. 1.—No. 56. YPSILANTI, MICHIGAN, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1900. Price: Two Cents.

Navel Oranges

25 for 25c
Nice Fresh stock 17 for 25c
This Week 12 for 25c
10 for 25c

Your Grandmother

Will tell you that when she was young they didn't separate the grain and give the best of the wheat to the cattle, reserving only the starchy part of the flour for the modern loaf. She will tell you that her bread was always sweet and wholesome and

Your Grandmother Knows.

She will advise using our . . . .

Ralston Brain Bread,

Fresh every morning. . . . .

Ralston Brain Flour,

For home use.

25c Tea

We offer this tea to those who want a good drinking tea at a low price. It is not a nice looking tea. It has not what tea experts call style, but its drinking qualities are all right. . . . . .

Davis & Co.

Congress Street on the Corner.

Rear End Collision!

Terrible Wreck, but no Lives Lost.

Quite recently we ran into the rear end of our store, going through our whole stock

Completely Telescoping Prices,

Utterly wrecking the credit system, coming out at the front with no loss of life, but with

Everything Marked Down to a Cash Basis.

And are now prepared to make the purchase of Groceries a pleasure to cash buyers. Call or phone 123.

Amerman & Scott.

Both Phones 123. - 228 Congress St.

☞House for Sale or Rent.

Ypsilanti

Opera House

SATURDAY, FEB., 10.

Dunne & Ryley

PRESENT

The Brilliant Parisian Burletta,

HOTEL TOPSY TURVY

The Biggest Musical Hit of the Year with

Eddie Foy, Josie DeWitt,
Philip H. Ryley, Bertie Fowler,
Octavie Barbe Amelia Glover,

The Famous Florence Troupe,
And 30 Others.

2 years in Paris, 200 times in London, 102 times at the New York Herald Square Theatre.

Superb Company, Original Production.

SPLENDID CHORUS OF THIRTY.

Prices $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c.
Seats on sale at Rogers & Co., Thursday, Feb. 8, at 9 a. m.

BULLER VERY QUIET.

No News of His Movements Is Given Out at the London War Office.

HEAVY FIRING REPORTED IN NATAL

Spencer Wilkinson, in The Morning Post Says in Two Weeks the British Will Be Holding Orange River Passes—German Officer Gives His Views as to the Fighting Qualities of the British Soldiers—News Censorship Very Rigid.

London, Feb. 5, 4:48 p. m.—A special dispatch from Durban, Natal, dated today, says: "There is no definite news from General Buller, but it is reported that there was heavy fighting yesterday."

London, Feb. 5, Midnight.—The war office announces that it has no fresh newes from the seat of war for publication tonight.

Lorenzo Marques, Delagoa Bay, Feb. 6.—Webster Davis, the United States assistant secretary of the interior, accompanied by a party of friends, is at the head laager of the Boers at Ladysmith and is closely inspecting the camps and positions around the besieged town. The German consul at Pretoria, Herr Biermann, is accompanying Davis on his trip to the Boer head laager.

Protest Against Destruction of Property.

Cape Town, Feb. 6.—President Steyn and President Kruger have communicated with Field Marshal Lord Roberts, the British commander-in-chief, protesting against the destruction of farm houses and the devastation of property. Lord Roberts, in replying, declared the charges were not sustained, adding that wanton destruction of property was contrary to British practices. Following is the text of the protest which is dated Eloenfontein, Feb. 3:

Cnarge British with Brigandage.

"We learn from many sides that the British troops, contrary to the recognized usage of war, daily destroy property by burning or dynamiting farm houses and devastating farms and the goods therein, by means of which unprotected women and children are often deprived of food and cover. This happens not only in places where barbarians are encouraged by British officers, but even in Cape Colony and the Free State, where white brigands come out from the theatre of war with the evident intention of carrying on general devastation without any reason recognized by the customs of war and without in any way furthering the operations. We wish earnestly to protest against such acts."

Charges Are Not Specific.

Lord Roberts, replying today, said: "I beg to acknowledge the honor of your telegram changing the British troops with the destruction of property, contrary to the recognized usuages of war and with brigandage and devastation. These charges are made in vague and general terms. No specific case is mentioned. No evidence is given. I have seen such charges made before now in the press, but in no case which has come under my notice have they been substatiated.

Will Not Countenace Depredations.

"Those most stringent istructions have been issued to the British troops to respect private property so far as is compatible with the conduct of military operations. All wanton destruction and injury to peaceful inhabitants are contrary to British practice and traditions and will, if necessary, be rigorously repressed by me. I regret that your honor should have seen fity to repeat this untrue statement that barbarians have been encouraged by British officers to commit depredations. In the only case in which a raid has been perpetrated by native subjects of the queen, the act was contrary to the instructions of the British officer nearest the spot."

SPENCER WILKINSON'S VIEWS.

In Two Weeks the British Will Be Holding Passes in Orange River.

London, Feb. 6.—Spencer Wilkinson, in The Morning Post, says: "The tide is beginning to turn. In the western theatre of the war it looks as though General French had been reinforced, perhaps by General Cherrisides' brigade. This would be the beginning of a systematic direction of the campaign. When General French has disposed of the enemy forming his present objective, his force will be available for other operations."

Detailing possible operations of Generals French, Kellyenny and Gatacre, Wilkinson says: "There is now a prospect that in two or three weeks the British forces will be holding the passes of the Orange river, repairing the bridges and collecting all the requisites for the advance northwards, to begin as soon as Lord Roberts sees his way to order the movement.

"There are now more than enough troops between the coast and Orange river to form three infantry divisions and a cavalry division, without counting either the colonial mounted troops or five militia battalions which can be used to relieve regular battalions on the lines of communication. Lord Methuen's three brigades make a further addition that might ultimately be utilized."

Wilkinson then proceeds to urge the government to make every preparation against emergencies at home, and particularly to put the volunteers and all available forces in the most complete condition for service if needed. He recommends re-arming volunteers, batteries of position with the best modern guns and, in short, the organization and equipment of the available forces rather than hasty endeavors to recruit untrained men.

GERMAN OFFICER'S VIEWS.

Says Both Privates and Officers Have Acted with the Utmost Bravery.

Berlin, Feb. 6.—Lieutenatn Waches, of the war department, said to the correspondent of the Associated Press yesterday: "The prestige of the British army cannot be said to have suffered so far as fighting qualities are concerned. Both privates and officers have behaved with the utmost bravery in action as the lists of the dead and wounded show. The British officers, however, seem to be wanting in the peculiar strategy which South African conditions require. For a long time Great Britain has not been engaged in war with any people equiped in the modern way and familiar with civilized methods of warfare. This, doubtless, accounts for the fact that she began the attack upon the Boers as if the latter were barbarians.

"Uresumably one of the results of the war will be a thorough reorganization of the military education in England. Personally I am most decidedly of the opinion that Great Britain will win in South Africa. The climatic and topographical conditions at present favor the Boers, who are aided by their skill in the use of weapons, but as the war progresses the British will gain the experience with which the Boers started. England's immense resources, combined with this experience must ensure her ultimate victory."

KENTUCKY IS QUIET.

Toylar Will Submit His Claims to a Commission of Three Men.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 6.—Governor Taylor last night made a distinct and positive offer to sumit the merits of his claim to the gubernatorial chair of Kentucky to any three fair-minded men in the world, these three men to be selected by the United States supreme court. He will allow them to arbitrate the case and will abide by their decision. Chaotic is the only word that will describe the political situation as it existed yesterday in Frankfort.

Early in the morning it was positively asserted by the Democrats and confirmed by a few Republicans that the legislative session in London was about to be called off. Governor Taylor late in the morning, however, altered the situation entirely by declaring that no order had been issued, revoking the meeting at London, and that it would proceed as originally intended by him.

London, Ky., Feb. 6.—The fact that there was not the slightest display of animosity among the citizens of London when it became a certainty yesterday that the legislature was to convene here. That the twenty-five legislative members who arrived on the afternoon train were met by a welcoming crod at the station can safely be taken as an assurance that no opposition will be manifested when the session begins today. There is but one Democratic member here. Senator Hayes from Jefferson county, and he is of the anti-Goebel following. Altogether twenty-seven representatives and nine senators have arrived. There is one more train to arrive before noon today, and possibly the number may be increased before the time for convening. When the citizens learened yeseterday afternoon that no Democratic members were aboard the train, disappointment was freely expressed.

WANTS HIS MONEY.

Complainant, Made to Suffer, Asks Monetary Redress.

Jackson, Mich., Feb. 6.—Frank J. Thompson has brought a novel suit in the circuit court here. Thompson was sent to the state prison for three and a half years for having received $1, which he knew to be stolen. While in prison he worked 776 days on a prison contract held by the Bronk-Buffington Shirt company.

Under a law enacted in 1897, of which the court and lawyers in Thompson's case were apparently forgetful, the receiving of stolen property under the value of $25 was changed to a misdemeanor, punishable with not more than ninety days' imprisonment in a county jail. Thompson was released by Judge Peck last October on a writ of habeas corpus. Now he sues the Bronk-Buffington people to recover the value of his labor performed while in prison under illegal sentence.

Logan's Remains Lying in State.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Immense throngs of people crowded into memorial hall, Library building, to pay tribute to the memory of Major John A. Logan. The body of the hero laid in state in the center of one end of the hall. Persons who passed the casket moved in a line extending around the hall. Many deposited handsome floral designs on the bier of the dead warrior and not a few times did men and women betray emotion as they paused. Soldiers in uniform, having their weapons in their hands, were present as a guard of honor.

Boys Frightened from Home.

Rossville, Ind., Feb. 6.—Clair Zumwalt, 16 years old, and Claude Smith, 13, left here on a north-bound Vandalia freight train on the evening of the 18th ult. It is supposed that they were scared away by other boys, who, jokingly told them they had been indicted for some trifling offense, with which they had nothing to do. The boys had good homes, and their parents are overcome with grief because of their absence.

Ban on Christian Brothers.

New York, Feb. 6.—Confirmation has been received in this city of the original announcement made from Rome that the authorities of the Catholic church, had decided against the Christian Brothers in this country in their appeal against the order of the head of the brotherhood in Paris, commanding them to cease giving instruction in the higher studies in their schools and colleges in the United

PHILIPPINE QUESTION

Our Eastern Possessions the Subject of Discussion in Both Senate and House.

CAFFERY DISCUSSES EXPANSION.

He Maintains That the Filipinos Are Entitled to All the Rights and Privileges of Citizens of the United States—Dinsmore and Clark, in the House, Oppose the Retention of the Islands—Capital City Notes.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Senator Caffery of Louisiana in a discussion of the Philippine question in the senate yesterday broke new ground in developing his position as an anti-expensionist. In response to a question as to what in the present circumstances he would do with the Filipinos, he said with characteristic courage of conviction: "Turn them loose as soon as we can get rid of them. That would be better for them and infinitely better for us." Caffery's argument was mainly a discussion of the constitutional questions. He maintained that the constitution extends absolutely over the Filipinos and that they were entitled to all the rights and privileges of citizens of the United States guaranteed by the constitution. Without concluding his speech Caffery yeilded the floor.

Several Bills Were Passed.

These bills were passed: To amend an act granting to the city of Hot Springs, Ark., certain lands for a city park; to erect a public building at Evanston, Wyo.; for the relief of Custer county, Mont. A resolution offered by Pettus of Alabama inquiring of the secretary of the navy if he had declined to supply to the court of claims information relative to naval court martial, was passed. The senate then held a brief executive session and at 4:45 p. m. adjourned.

THE NICARAGUAN CANAL.

Its Absolute Neutrality Is Guaranteed by the United States.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The new treaty with Great Britain relative to the building of the Nicaragua canal was received by the senate yesterday and was read in executive session. Senator Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, moved to make the treaty public as it was a subject in which all were greatly interested, but after some discussion it was decided to refer the matter to the committee on foreign relations before taking that step.

The comments of senators upon the treaty after hearing it read were favorable. It was said to allow the United States all the authority that was needed and the neutrality of the canal was guaranteed as was the neutrality of the Suez canal.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE.

Democrats Still Continue Their Assault Upon the Administration Policy.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The Democrats of the house continued their assaults upon the Philippine policy of the administration during the general debate upon the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill yesterday. Two speeches were made by Democratic members of the foreign affairs committee, Dinsmore of Arkansas and Champ Clark of Missouri, oppposing the retention of the islands. The speech of Clark, which lasted almost two hours, was a notable effort replete with unique epigrams and attracted much attention. No Republican spoke in defense of the administration policy.

Sibley of Pennsylvania, who was elected as a Democrat, but who made a speech last week defending expansion, was goaded yesterday into the announcement that the Democrats could consider his seat constructively on the Republican side. Before the debate began an effort was made to pass a bill looking to the appointment of an expert commission to examine into the question of the pollution of the water supply of cities but it was defeated. The Chicago members considered that it was aimed especially at the Chicago drainage canal.

CLARK SENATORIAL CONTEST.

Two Important Witnesses Heard Before the Senate Committee.

Washrington, Feb. 6.—The two most important witness before the Clark investigating committee of the senate yesterday were Representative Jaqueth, of the Montana legislature, and A. B. Cook, ex-state auditor. Jaqueth is one of the members in whose name Whiteside claimed to have received $5,000 for voting for Clark for the senate and Cook had been represented by Speaker Stiff, of the Montana house, as having tried to induce him to vote for Clark for a money consideration. Both denied these charges.

Jaqueth said he had never before seen the nevelope in which the $5,000 said to have been intended for him had been placed. Cook declared that he had never but once talked with Stiff concerning the contest for the United States senate and that then Stiff had brought up the subject, suggesting that he might cast his vote for Clark for the senate for $50,000, but that he (Cook) had said that he was not interested in the senatorial contest to this extent. A half dozen other witnesses were examined, all by the defense and each in refutation of some testimoney offered by the prosecution.

Porto Rico Needs Money.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Senor Lucas Amadeo, a Porto Rican, advised the house insular committee yesterday that a loan of about $16,000,000 and the creation of stable conditions were necessary to bring Porto Rico out of its present deep depression. Some opposition developed in committee to redemption of Porto Rican coins at 60 cents on the dollar and their recoinage.

Civil Code for Alaska.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Senator Carter yesterday reported from the committee on territories the bill for a civil code of Alaska and providing for courts of that territory. Three district courts with the necessary officers and United States commissioners are provided for. Three judicial districts are created. No delegate in congress or territorial legislature is allowed under the bill.

Lieut Herron and Party Safe.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The adjutant general has received a telegram from Assistant Adjutant General McCain at Vancouver barracks, Washington, stating that Colonel Ray at Fort Gibbon, Alaska, reports the safe arrival there of Lieutenant Herron and party, who were supposed to have been lost while exploring the Copper river country.

Macrum Calls at the State Department.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Mr. Macrum called at the state department yesterday afternoon and spent about half an hour in consultation with Hill, assistant secretary of state, Secretary Hay having left his office for the day. He still refuses to make any statement explaining his reasons for leaving Pretoria.

Bubonic Plague in Honolulu.

Washington, Feb. 6.—United States Agent Hays has cabled the state department from Honolulu, dated Jan. 24, as follows: "Since the 17th of January there have been twelve new cases of bubonic plague at Honolulu and six deaths."

Two Treaties Adopted.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The senate in executive session ratified The Hauge peace treaty, also the extradition treaty with Argentine republic. Both were adopted without objection or division.

EDITOR IN TROUBLE

Indiana Newspaper Man Arrested on a Charge of Perjury.

Shelbyville, Ind., Feb. 6.—Editor George Ray, of the Shelby Democrat, who has been defending County Commissioners Amos and Cherry through his paper against the charge of malfeasance, has been arrested on the charge of perjury. He gave bond in the sum of $2,000. Julius Chueden, a letter carrier, who secured a painting contract from the commissioners, presenting bills for $1,000 instead of for $300, was arrested on the charge of perjury, three bills having been found against him.

Ex-County Auditor E. T. Carson, in office last fall when a ledger was stolen from the auditor's office, was indicted, charged with making way with the book, which it is asserted would show many irregularities. The officers have been making every effort to find Carson, but without success.

THROWN INTO THE BAY.

Perilous Experience of an Ice Boat Party Near Menominee.

Menominee, Mich., Feb. 6.—A party, consisting of O. M. Hanson, Joseph Erdlitz, Paul Nowack, Moses Landre, Willie Landre and Charles Sieman, had a narrow escape from drowning in the icy waters of the bay. They were on their way to Green island on the ice to hunt rabbits. A mile off the north point of the island, when sailing at a rapid rate, the boat ran on skim ice, and all were thrown into the water.

Willie Landre and the Sieman boys were in the cock pit, and managed to reach solid ice. With the aid of coats tied together they first hauled Erdlitz out, and finally all were rescued. Hanson was under the sail, and was taken from his perilous position exhausted. The party is being cared for at the lighthouse. The boat and guns were lost.

FATAL TRAIN WRECK.

One Man Instantly Killed In a Collion and Two Others Fatally Injured.

Paxton, Ill., Feb. 6.—Through a misunderstanding of signals a north-bound freight on the Illionis Central was wrecked here early yesterday morning. Head Breakman Bold being instantly killed and Engineer Simmons and Fireman Madix severely injured.

The tower switchman claims the engineer whistled for the side track, which was given him, but the engineer denies it. The engineer started out of town at a high sped. The north end of the siding being locked, the engine and three cars filled with stock were derailed and rolled down an embankment.

Galena Merchant Dies.

Galena, Ills., Feb. 6.—M. H. Birmingham is dead, aged 48 years. For twenty years he had been a Galena merchant and widely known as a philantrophist and educator. For a period of ten years he was Jo Daviess county's leading educational worker and served several terms as a town supervisor. He was a brother of ex-Mayor T. J. Birmingham and president of the Irish Benevolent society.

Aged Pioneer Dies.

Red Bud, Ills., Feb. 6.—Ira Gilbert, aged 90 years, one of the first settlers of Monroe county, died at his home seven miles west of Red Bud yesterday morning. Mr. Gilbert was born in Chittenden county, Vt., March 4, 1810, and came to this vicinity in 1838, where he entered 120 acres of wild land and upon which he resided until his death. Four daughters survive him.

Mrs. Mary Herring Dead.

Wabash, Ind., Feb. 6.—Mrs. Mary Herring, widow of the late Paul Herring, superintendent of the Wabash paper mill, died suddenly at her home on East Main street of heart failure. Mrs Herring's husband died suddenly a little over a year ago.

NINETEENTH GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL SAMPLE AND CLEARANCE SALE!

Commences Thursday and lasts two weeks

14,873 Pairs Sample Shoes, 1,726 pairs of Remnants or Broken Lots to be sold at

1/2 PRICE!

Commencing Thursday morning the CHICAGO SHOE STORE will inaugurate their Nineteenth Great Semi-annaul Sample and Clearance Sale. These sales have become so popular that they are now looked forward to by thousands as the most popular event in the Shoe trade, for it means a season of LOW PRICES where new, stylish up-to-date Footwear is sold for less than you can buy cheap shoddy goods elsewhere.

BIGGER! BROADER!! BETTER!!!

It is sure to eclipse all similar sales ever held by us before which have all proven so popular. We have decided to have this one on a larger and grander scale than any of the previous ones, therefore, we have secured twice the number of samples we ever did before, having bought the entire lines of the Heer Shoe Co., Burger, Brown & Co., P. Cogan, and the C. E. Smith Shoe Co., four of the largest and most prominent Wholesale Houses in the United States, the name of each being sufficient guarantee of the high quality of goods they make, and although we have had to pay more for them than we ever had to pay for samples before, we sell them the same old way

At Just 1=2 Price!

Even if we don't make a dollar ourselves, we mean that this shall be the Banner Sale of all previous sales, and one that will cause us to be kindly remembered and make this store the trading center of this city and miles around it.

Who Can Resist this Chance?

When they can buy Shoes for half their value, when they can buy a $5.00 Shoe $2.50; a $2.00 Shoe for $1.00; a $1.00 Shoe for 50c; no 1-4 or 1-3 off, but the prices cut right in two, or in other words, your dollar is worth two dollars when you trade with us during this great sale. All Tan Shoes and Oxfords will be closed out at COST during this great sale. We extend a cordial invitation to all to come and examine the goods, and if not just as advertised don't buy. Remember the place. This sale is now going on at

THE CHICAGO SHOE STORE

107 and 109 Congress Street, Ypsilanti, Mich.

JOSEPH KING, Proprietor.

Branch Stores at Detroit, Flint, Saginaw, Bay City, Ann Arbor, Jackson, Battle Creek, Kalamazoo, Grand Rapids, Manchester, Mich., and Moline, Illinois.

Voting Contest.

Below we give the number of votes received by each contestant in The Daily Telegram voting contest. This list is corrected each day, at one o'clock. Remember votes held back for more than three days will be thrown out.

Minnie Sanford,.....1963
With, Trim & McGregor.

Jessie Babcock,.....1747
With, White Laundry.

Marna Saunders,.....1518
With, Bert H. Comstock.

Lillie Wienmann,.....1064
With, Davis & Kishlar.

Eva Zwergel,.....753
With, Normal Book Store.

Mamie Mead,.....625
With, D. Y. & A. A. R. R.

Emma Gardner,.....477
With, First National Bank.

Nellie May Hewitt,.....411
With, Post Office.

Mabel Church.....398
With, Davis & Co.

Jennie Haywood.....394
With, Davis & Kishlar.

Edna Kittle.....381
With, Davis, & Kishler,

Ruth Lathrop,.....246
With, Post Office.

Grace Matthews,.....211
With, U. S. Express.

Margaret Mavity.....187
With, Mrs. Curtis.

Lou Shipman.....144
With, Miss Williams.

Stella Snow,.....131
With, Bert H. Comstock.

Rosy Munch.....120
With, G. M. Gaudy.

Alice Shier.....112
With, Am. Express Co.

WANTED.

I will pay the highest price for Rags. Rubbers, Old Metals and Mixed Scrap ron. Old Books and Newspapers. Drop me a postal and I will call for your order.
326 Congress St., East.
J. GOLDMAN.

DANCING ACADEMY.

LIGHT GUARD HALL.

The class will continue every Thursday evening and every Saturday afternoon from three to five there will be a class for Ladies exclusively. Class assembly Saturday evenings. Strictly invitation affairs. Guarantee given to teach all the standard and new dances in one season or money refunded. Private lessons by appointment.

PROF. PINK.

New State Phone 314.

CHAS. F. REINHART, WOOD and COAL

122 N. Huron Street.
Both Phones.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY.

Trains now leave Chicago from Central Station, Park Row and 12th St. Lake Front, for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland, Duluth and the Northwest. Nearest ticket agent can give you further information.
Jas. C. Pond, G. P. A.
tf Milwaukee, Wis.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.
E. R. Beal, C. W. Rogers & Co.
Frank Smith & Son, R. Killian.

The Peoples' Restaurant

Caters to the best.

First Class Meals at Moderate Prices.

Meal Tickets,
21 Meals $3

TRY THEM.

K. L. Stone,
22 Washington St., Ypsilanti.

Local News.

Miss Mary Lang has accepted a position in Detroit.

Mr. W. A. Stevenson, of Fenton, is the guest of Mr. Fred Horner.

Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Bouton, of Detroit, are stopping at the Sanitarium.

Jonnie Woodard, of Center street, is suffering from a severe sore throat.

Charles Lamb, of Charlotte, was a recent visitor with relatives in the city.

A party of ten couples will give a sleigh ride party this evening, with dancing at Ann Arbor.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist church will meet with Mrs. Royce, tomorrow afternoon.

Miss Della Herkiser, of the Cleary College, has left the city to accept a position in Jackson.

The Sigma Delta Society of the high school will give a sleigh ride party to Milan this evening.

Mrs. Clark C. Wortley has been called to New York by the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Whitney.

Miss Nellie Sullivan of the Normal, has been called to her home in Hancock by the death of her brother.

The High School Athletic Association will give a dancing party at Light Guard hall, Friday evening. Feb. 23rd.

The Estabrook Society of the high school are planning a sleigh ride party to Cherryhill for tomorrow evening.

Offers of 60 cents on the dollar are being received and refused by Ypsilanti holders of New State Telephone stock.

Chas. H. Stanley, of Steele, North Dakota, a prominent corporation lawyer of the West, is visiting William Ellsworth.

The marriage of Miss Della Bette, of Detroit, and Peter Dusbiber of the same city, but a former Ypsilantian, occurred yesterday.

Dr. Druary left for Lansing to day to attend the meeting of the State Veterinary Association which meets there for three days. He will return Thursday.

Arthur Woodard was seriously injured while skating last week. The little fellow fell and sprained his knee, and both his ankles. He was also internally injured and lies at his home on Center St., in great pain.

M. T. Woodruff has made his farewell address to the subscribers to his former sheet, the Manistee Journal, and has left Manistee to assume his duties on the Michigan Sentinel, the new Democratic organ to be published in Detroit.

The Arbeiter Verien held a meeting last evening, in the course of which they elected Dr. Wilcoxson their society's physician. The remainder of the evening was occupied in planning for the masquerade ball to be given In Grove hall this month.

H. R. Winn, of the printing house of Winn & Hammond at Detroit, whose death from heart disease occurred yesterday, is well known in Ypsilanti. Mr. Winn was prominent in Detroit Masonic circles and in this way many of the Ypsilanti Masons had made his acquaintance. His loss is deeply mourned.

Normalites are already planning for the issuing of the school annual, the Aurora. The Senior class held a meeting Friday afternoon of last week and elected P. L. Poroe, editor-in-chief and Hugh Conklin, business manager. The other classes are represented on the Aurora board by Gilbert Hand, Miss Beatrice Nesbitt and Mollie Averill. Several of the board of editors have had considerable experience on college publications, and Mr. Hough Conklin, the business manager, has made a record for himself on the Normal News, which he now engineers.

Conductor McNair of the Detroit Ypsilanti & Ann Arbor Electric railway, had a narrow escape from death Sunday. He was attempting to make a coupling between two of the big Ann Arbor railway cars at Addison's crossing, west of Detroit, when one of the cars was started. McNair was caught between the cars in such a way that the sixth and seventh ribs on his right side were crushed in and his arm and leg severely bruised. He was removed to his boarding place at 617 Livernois avenue, where he was attended by Dr. Thomas J. Henry of 538 Twenty-third street, who says McNair's injuries will probably confine him to his room for a week or 10 days.—Detroit Tribune. McNair was on the city crew and thus did not make the run to Ypsilanti or Ann Arbor.

Following is the write-up the Willis correspondent gives the meeting of beet sugar growers, held recently in his neck of the woods: "The beet sugar meeting held at Richard Walter's store, on Friday of last week, called together quite a number of farmers in this vicinity. Wm. Dansingburg, who is working for the Dundee Farmers' Co-operative Association, called the meeting to order and introduced the speaker, and told the people all that was necessary for them to know, from his standpoint, to enable them to coin money in raising beets for the company. His right hand did not forget its cunning, neither did his tongue cleave to the roof of his mouth, as he rolled the beet industry like a sweet morsel under his tongue till the round-up came. Ned Williams and Levi Wright were permitted to sign contracts to raise beets to the tune of 40 backaches to the square inch."

One of the Michigan Central's gang of ice cutters was severely wounded in the thigh this morning by a pike pole.

At the residence of the bride's parents on Grove St., the marriage of Miss Sadie Foster and Archie Coquillard was held this afternoon, the Rev. James Brown of the Baptist church officiating.

Clark S. Wortley of the firm of C. S. Wortley & Co., leaves this week for Chicago where he will purchase some swell spring goods from the Mills which have offices and stock rooms in that city.

Frank Gordon, colored, has been arrested on complaint of John Wilson, of Ann Arbor, for the larceny of $15 worth of lumber. The trial will be held at Justice Joslyn's court on Monday morning of next week.

The members of the Presbyterian church were very pleasantly entertained by the Rev. and Mrs. Wharton, in the church parlors last evening. The Rev. Muller was present and gave an interesting talk on "Upstairs and Down stairs in London."

A lecture on "Spiritualism" will be given in Cleary College hall Thursday evening by Mrs. Carpenter, of Detroit under the auspices of the spiritualistic society of Ypsilanti. Mrs. Carpenter is well known in the city and the college hall should be crowded on the evening of her address.

An interesting meeting was held at the Salvation Army last evening. The presiding officers were the Indian chief who is traveling through the state in the interests of the Army, and the wife of Sergent Batterly, of Detroit. Addresses were given by the Indian, Mrs. Battely and the local officers and several new members were sworn in.

SHOULD BE LYNCHED.

A Serious Charge Against an Augusta Famrer.

Which if True Should Make Him see the End of a Rope.

Officer Millard Fletcher set out for Augusta this morning with a warrant for the arrest of Lachlin Hoover, on the charge of carnally knowing a girl under 16 years of age. The girl in question is Hariett Harrington, and her 14th birthday was passed but a few months ago.

Hoover is a man with a wife and family and is well known in Augusta and surrounding townships.

The complaint was entered by the girl's grandmother before Justice Joslyn this morning.

A Warning to Ypsilantians.

The Telegram is in receipt of the following letter from R. H. Booe, proprietor of the Sherman House at Crawfordsville, Ind., which on request of Mr. Booe it prints. The Telegram believes that no opportunity should be neglected of protecting Ypsilanti citizens and business men.

EDITOR OF TELEGRAM:

R. S. Clark (right name Vanderpool) of Detroit, and Ben. Williams, of Toronto, Ca., are beating hotels, livery barns and farmers in various ways. They jumped their hotel and livery bills at Crawfordsville, Ind., and sold bogus watches to farmers for what cash they could get and took their note for a good balance.

They have a piano deal also. They sell a farmer a piano for $480 and induce him to enter into a signed agreement that he shall receive $120 back for every person he shall name them whom they can afterwards induce to take a piano. They say the signer could easily help them to the sale of four pianos, which would bring him in $480; the price of his own instrument.

They try to get your citizens to go into partnership with them by letting them have $50 and they promise to sell six pianos per month and give them one half of the profit, which is $320, on each piano, but when the citizen lets them have the money they go immediately after the piano and never return.

In appearance Clark is 5 feet, 6 inches high, weight 190 pound. He is a Free Mason and a G. A. R. Is 60 years old, but looks younger. He has large eyes and a heavy mustache.

Williams is 55 years old, and 5 feet 8 inches in height, weight 180 pounds.

I have not told you half of the swindling methods of these two. I can produce twenty witnesses to prove what I say.

Very truly yours,
R. H. BOOE,
Proprietor of the Sherman House,
Crawfordsville, Ind.

SPECIAL MEETING TO CONSIDER THE FRANCHISE.

Aldermen Delay Action on the Belleville Road Until Thursday.

Alderman Van Fossen Submits a Smoke Nuisance Prevention Ordinance.

The Normal insurance question and the granting of a franchise to the Belleville electric road had been scheduled to render last evening's council meeting an interesting one, but events failed to verify the prophecy, as the insurance matter was not even mentioned and the Belleville franchise was left to a special meeting. The actual proceedings of the gathering was to authorize the payment of the monthly bills, pass several resolutions of minor importance and listen to the reading of the proposed railroad franchise.

A full house responded to the usual and official questioning of the clerk and without delay the order of business was begun.

A communication was received from city surveyor Woodard, to the effect that he has not only finished the special surveying and map making which he is performing under the direction of the city; that the time for which he was employed on this special work expires on February 8; and that he wishes to know if the council desired to re-engage him at the same terms.

The communication was received and placed on file, and when motions and resolutions appear on the docket Ald. VanFossen made a motion that Mr. Woodard be employed to finish his work at the same salary—$75 per month; and the same was passed unanimously. In making the motion Ald. VanFossen stated that the work Mr. Woodard is carrying on is of vital importance to the city, and as he is in possession of private records which can not be duplicated unless by the expenditure of considerable money. As Mr. Woodard is a man of advanced years Ald Van Fossen says the city should not neglect the earliest opportunity of securing from him these valuable maps and records.

The committee to whom had been referred the proposed franchise for the Belleville electric road, reported that they had the matter under consideration and ask that they be given more time; and furthermore that a special meeting of the council be called for Thursday evening, to take action on the recommendation which they will submit at that time. The report was adopted and a motion passed that the special meeting be held on Thursday evening, at the city clerk's office.

Among the claims presented by various individuals and companies was one for $11.35, submitted by Webster, Cobb & Co., to which Ald. Davis took decided exception.

Said he in regard to it: "$2.05 of that bill of Webster, Cobb & Co's is all right, but the remaining $9 30 shouldn't a cent of it be paid by the city. On October 2, Marshal Warner in his report of sidewalk inspection recommended that a certain cross walk in the fifth ward be repaired. This was done by the street commissioner, but what does Ald. Ferguson, of the second ward do, but come around a few days later, order lumber and lay a new cross walk on the other side of the four corners where the repairing had been done. Ald. Ferguson was working for the street commissioner then, but he certainly had not been ordered to lay that cross walk and I don't think the city should pay the bills for it. If the crossing had been needed there would be some sense in paying for it; but the facts of the case are that on one of the two sides of the street it extends between there is not a single house for some distance and there are no sidewalks. No one had ever thought of building walks there, or of laying a crossing, and I don't think any bill for work should be honored."

On motion the matter was referred to the streets and walks committee, the aldermen of the fifth ward and the mayor and city attorney.

Ald. VanFossen brought up the question of allowing slaughtering to be carried on in city meat markets. Said he: "It seems to me, gentlemen of the council, that it is high time we did something to stop this slaughtering in city meat markets. Almost every day I see a bellowing calf dragged from a wagon into a meat market, and sometimes the animal will make such a commotion and struggle so desperately that ladies will be compelled to step out into the street to avoid danger. I spoke to one of the butchers about it the other day and he informed me that if the council tried to meddle in the the matter it would find itself involved into a law suit. He said that he and the other meat dealers of the city slaughtered in the rear of their shops and that they were going to keep right on with it, whether the council wished it or not. I think we ought to look into this matter and see what authority we have to interfere."

Ald. VanFossen won the laurals of the evening by submitting a very necessary ordinance—a law for prevention of the smoke nuisance in the city. Devoid of its legal language the proposed ordinance is nothing more than the prohibition of dense smoke or smoke laden with soot in the city and the provision for fining violaters of this regulation $100 or sentencing them to a term in the county jail. Without action the matter comes before the ordinance committee which will at a future meeting recommend its adoption or rejection.

The meeting was closed with the reading of the proposed Belleville franchise by the clerk.

News Notes From The Washtenaw Sunday School Asso.

Convention dates: Ann Arbor Association at Harris Hall Feb 9th., afternoon and evening.

Augusta Association at Stony Creek, Feb. 16th., afternoon and evening.

The president and secretary of the County Association will be present.

Salem and Superior Association at Dixboro, Feb. 17th., afternoon and evening. J. E. Bolles of the State Executive committe, will give the evening address.

Northfield at Emery, March 3rd. Program not complete.

The County Association expects to arrange for a convention within the reach of every Sunday school worker in the county before fall and then wind up with a county convention that will surpass anything that we have had.

A conference of county and township officers will be held in Ann Arbor March 1st, to which all pastors and superintendents are invited.

The treasurer is sending out class collection slips to all superintendents for the annual offering. Do not send this offering to Mr Reid whose name is on the white slip but to Mr. C. E. Deake the County Treasurer, Salem, Mich., who will report receipts through this paper.

E. E Calkins. Secretary.

Notice.

Owing to divorce proceeding own pending in the Washtenaw circuit court between myself and Mrs. Goosley the public are hereby notified not to allow my wife, Mrs. Aliza A. Goosley any credit on my account as I will pay no bills contracted by her after this date.

Dated Jan. 19, 1900.
43-3w SAMUEL M. GOOSLEY.

1-4 OFF SALE

AT

ENDER'S ART STORE

Everything goes at ¼ off for the next 10 days.

Buy now and save money.

C. E. ENDERS,

230 Congress Street.

HOTEL TOPSY TURVY

Mardi Gras

This year's festivities at New Orleans occur February 21st to 27th. The preparations being made have never been equalled. Round Trip Tickets to Mobile and New Orleans via the . . . .

Queen & Crescent Route

Will be on sale at One Fare for the Round Trip, with liberal return limits. The train service is the finest in the South. Through Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars Cincinnati to New Orleans daily without change. Vestibuled Limited Trains. **Cafe, Parlor and Observation** Cars on day trains. Free Books and Maps.

W. C. RINEARSON G. P. A., CINCINNATI.

TIME TABLE.

DETROIT, YPSILANTI & ANN ARBOR RAILWAY.

Cars leave for Detroit and Ypsilanti every half hour, beginning at 7:15 a. m. until 7:45 p. m.; last car for Detroit, 11:10 p. m. Waiting room, Washington St.; Detroit, 111 Griswold Street.

In effect November 28, 1899.

Leave Ypsilanti	Leave Ypsi. Jnct.	Leave Saline
A. M.		A. M.
6:45		7:30
8:15		9:00
9:45		10:30
11:15		12:00
P. M.		P. M.
12:45		1:30
2:15		3:00
3:45		4:45
5:45		6:50
7:45		8:45
9:35		10:30
11:15		11:55

A special car will be run from Ypsilanti at 12:45 a. m. on the arrival of the opera car from Detroit, for special parties of ten or more, on short notice and without extra charge.

SCENE FROM HOTEL TOPSY TURVY.

Ann Arbor.

$500 Suit Against Chelsea.

Henry J. Miller, by his attorneys, Arthur Brown and M. J. Cavanaugh, commenced a suit against the village of Chelsea, claiming $500 damages.

The Fort Wayne Electrical Company had a claim against the village, which the latter maintains was paid to an agent, but whom the company asserts was not an authorized one to receive it. The company assigned the claim over to Miller, and hence the suit.

The Ellis Case Still On.

Testimony in the Ellis case has been resumed, Mr. Gruner again going on the stand.

The attorneys for the heirs questioned him quite closely as to how he managed his own securities in Ogemaw county. Mr. Gruner had several personal investments there, and it will be argued by the attorneys for the heirs that by his own admission he did not use the same care and diligence for the Ellis securities that he did on his own personal loans.

It was also brought out that Mr. Gruner greatly befriended Mr. French just before the trouble was brought on the latter. Mr. Gruner turned over to him $1,500 worth of stock in the West Branch Milling Company. The stock was Mr. Gruner's personal property.

15 Ann Arborites to Try Mining.

The Crescent Mining Company, in which about 30 of Ann Arbor's citizens are interested, has been fully organized

J. H. Ortman located the original quartz mine in Montana, from which some very rich washings have been obtained and presented his discovery to a few Ann Arbor people. Unlike 99 per cent of gold mining companies, they did not seek to interest a large amount of capital but limited the original share holders to 40,000 shares at 10 cents per share. At the same time 60,000 shares were placed as treasury stock.

All of the 40,000 shares have either been bought up or spoken for. At least there is one party who says he will take all that is left after tomorrow night.

The mine is located on a fissure 1,500 feet long and at a depth of nine feet the quartz shows gold bearing formations that have been assayed by three independent chemists from $44.40 to $53.50 per ton.

A party of at least 15 Ann Arborites will take an excursion to the mine this spring, combining pleasure with business.

At present two shafts will be dug down to make certain as to what is in view for them.

The representations of those who have been on the ground certainly makes it look as if there is some big money in it for Ann Arborites who got in on the ground floor.

Real Estate Transfers.

Othniel E. Goodwin and wife to Wm. W. Kelsey and wife, York, $1.00.

Bernard Heeney and wife to L. D. Chubb, Northfield, $1,250.

United States of America to Peter Combe, Ann Arbor. The above was signed by J. Q. Adams, president, February 1, 1826, and after 74 years is now presented for record.

Geo. Preston to Trim & McGregor, Ypsilanti, $1,500.

NEW BOSTON

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Marsh last Friday a boy.

Mrs. Jacob Schaller is at Carleton taking treatment for her eyes.

Mr. Sutphin is trying to organize a voice class in this community.

The Flint & Pere Marquette R. R has changed to the Pere & Marquette, R. R.

Buckwheat is a very scarce article in these parts of the county. It is now selling at $6.00 per barrel.

The Germania Medicine Co., after spending two weeks here are now advertising their medicines at Romulus.

It is now quite an assured fact that the creamery will begin operations about April 1st, after a silence of about three years.

The Farmers' Co-operative Sugar Beet Co., of Dundee did not succeed in making any contracts here for the coming seasons.

Mr. Jerry Kastl is working in Detroit, having sold his property in the village. He will remove his family to his farm about the first of April.

Mr. E. C. Mead attended the Wayne Co., Teachers' Association held at the Western High school in Detroit, Feb 3. He read a paper on "Schoolroom Ventilation."

Echo Mountain House Burned.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 6.—The Echo Mountain House, a large hotel on Mount Lowe, near Pasadena, has burned down. The fire was caused by a defective flue. All the guests escaped uninjured and most of them saved all their personal effects. The hotel was filled with guests. The loss is in the neighborhood of $100,000.

Missouri Town on Fire.

Harrisonville, Mo., Feb. 6.—Fire that started in C. C. Grandberry's grocery store destroyed one of the city's principal business blocks, causing a loss estimated at $60,000.

POINT FOR THE CANAL

House Refuses to Vote on the Bartholdt Water Pollution Bill.

COMMISSION A NEEDLESS EXPENSE,

According to the Illinois Representatives, as the Supreme Court Will Decide the Case—Hopkins, of Illinois, Delivers an Able Argument Against the Passage of the Bill—He Is Opposed by Hepburn, of Iowa, and Pearre, of Kentucky.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The Bartholdt water pollution bill, obviously aimed by the hostile St. Louis element against the Chicago drainage canal, met its first defeat yesterday. The author attempted to obtain a vote upon the measure under a suspension of the rules by appealing for unanimous consent. The motion was lost by a rising vote of eighty-seven in the negative and sixty-six in the affirmative. The effort was well planned, but was valiantly met by Representatives Cannon and Hopkins of Illionis, who exposed the real intent of the bill introduced by the Missouri congressman.

Is Not a Fight on Chicago's Canal.

Representative Bartholdt denied that his new-born zeal for a commission to examine the streams and rivers of the country in order to prevent pollution was provoked by the opening of the Chicago drainage canal and the alleged fear of St. Louisans that the drinking supply of its citizens is threatened by the flood of sewage sent through the drainage canal and via the Des Plaines and Illionis rivers to the Mississippi. Representative Cannon made vigorous arguments against Bartholdt's proposition, which creates a commission of five members to receive $5,000 annupall for examining rivers and streams which serve as drinking supplies. He stated that this commission was designed by the author of the pollution bill to play into the hands of the Missouri opponents of the Chicago drainage canal.

No Need for Such a Body.

"If this commission is appointed," he said, "it will in the course of time make its report and that report will sleep the long sleep of death, which has been the fate of countless other products of such commissions. There is no call for such a body. There is the National Association of Scientific Investigation and the marine hospital service of the government, who are authorized to make such investigations and take all the necessary precautions. As a matter of fact, the congressman from Missouri is moved by the sewage disposal through the Chicago drainage canal. What is the use of vexing the atmosphere with such a commission? Let us utilize, if there is any immediate need for such investigation, the machinery already available."

COMMISSION IS SUPERFLUOUS.

Supreme Court of the United States Will Decide the Case.

Representative Hopkins also delivered an able argument against the passage of the Bartholdt bill. In language which was unmistakable he revealed the African secreted in the woodpile. He attacked the provision in the bill making an appropriation of $40,000 for the commission, of which the commissioners absorb $25,000 for salaries, leaving only $15,000 for the actual prosecution of the work outlined. "Before that commission concludes its work," he continued, "it would have exhausted from $100,000 to $200,000 in making its investigations. Until now the gentleman from Missouri has not realized the imminent danger of water pollution. Why should he take up the matter at this time, when there is a difference between St. Louis and Chicago?"

Attention was directed by both the Illinois congressmen to the suit now pending in the supreme court, brought by the state of Missouri, in which the court is asked to enjoin the Chicago drainage canal from polluting the water supply of St. Louis. It was stated that the question would be tested in this court as soon as the time arrives for the filing of the rejoiner by the sanitary district.

Representative Bartholdt was literally "pinned down," and although his defense of the bill was backed up in brief speeches by Representatives Hepburn of Iowa and Pearre of Kentucky, he could not remove the impression made by the Illionis congressmen. The father of the bill insisted that his reasons for pressing it were entirely disinterested and that he wished for further legislation which would secure protection against water pollution for all people of the country who are dependent upon streams and rivers for their drinking supply. He was followed by Representative Richardson (Dem.), who spoke against the bill. The vote resulted in the defeat of Representative Bartholdt's motion for the suspension of the rules and indicated plainly the reception which the "benign" measure will receive if the Missouri representative has the courage to call it up again.

Strange Suicide.

Sioux Rapids, Ia., Feb. 6.—At Peterson a footpad attempted to hold up a farmer who wad leaving town in his wagon. The farmer whipped up his horses and the highwaymen fired several times at him. The shots brought a crowd of men to the scene, who surrounded the fellow. Before any one could prevent him the man placed the muzzle of the pistol to his head and blew out his brains. He was a stranger.

New Railroad in Iowa.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 6.—W. C. McNamara, of Sioux City, who owns the surveys and is the promoter of the Eastern Nebraska and Gulf railroad announces the road will be built this year from Omaha to Sioux City, 100 miles. It is considered a movement of the Missouri Pacific to get into Sioux City.

Petition in Bankruptcy.

Milwaukee, Feb. 6.—Thomas J. McGrath, of Green Bay, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States court. The petition shows liabilities amounting to $34,604, while the assets scheduled are claimed to be worth $26,330.

ATTACKS AN AMERICAN.

Policeman of Ponce, P. R., Shoots a Boston Man.

Ponce, P. R., Feb. 6.—During a band concert on the Plaza Principal last evening native policemen attempted to arrest Joseph S. Bigelow, Jr., of Boston, on account of leading a dog. Joseph S. Barkley, a deputy United States marshal, conducted Bigelow to the jail and he was brought to the searching room, where, it is alleged, the native police made an attack on Bigelow, who was entirely unarmed.

Finally Policeman Angel Arismendi shot Bigelow in the cheek and then fled. The guards at the outer door permitted him to escape, but stopped Felix A. McCarthy, an American, who was hotly pursuing Arismendi. Deputy Chief of Police Antonia Simonpietri, five other policemen, McCarthy, Barkley and Bigelow, were in the room when the shooting occured. Bigelow was placed in an ambulance and conveyed to the military hospital. At first his condition was considered very critical, but he was better yesterday afternoon. The bullet has not yet been located. Arismendi and Simonpietri were arrested.

Strike at Sent ago.

Santiago de Cuba, Feb. 6.—The strike of the stevedores employed by the Ward line and the government, which began last Thursday, was considered trivial until yesterday when all the day laborers in the city refused to go to work. The stevedores demand payment for a full day even if they work only an hour, and they wish an increase from $1.50 to $2 a day. The situation provoked considerable disorder yesterday. The agent of the Ward line has cabled to Nassau, New Providence, for a hundred men.

C., M. and St. Paul Extension.

West Superior, Wis., Feb. 6.—State Railway Commissioner Rice, who is in the city, states that he has positive information that the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway will build to this city the coming season, work to begin as soon as possible in the spring. Terminals and a route have already been surveyed. Bayfield, Burnett, Polk and Douglass counties will be crossed by the new line.

Big Purchase by Carnegie.

Humboldt, Mich., Feb. 6.—The Carnegie Steel company interests have bought the Sampson mine near here and will reopen the property with a strong force in the immediate future. Until last season no iron mines here have produced ore for eight years, while this year Humboldt will have five, and perhaps six, actively worked iron mines.

Coal Mine Fire Extiguished.

Athens, Feb. 6.—The fire which has been raging in the coal mine here for several days past has been extinguished and the men have returned to work.

Tin Worker Scalded to Death.

Elwood, Ind., Feb. 6.—Charles Homes, a tin-plate worker, was scalded to death by the bursting of a steam pipe.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Grain and Produce.

Chicago, Feb. 5.

Following were the quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
February	$ .65⅞	$ .66	$ .65½	$ .65½
May	.68¼	.68¼	.67⅝	.67⅝
July	.68¾	.68⅞	.68¼	.68¼
Corn—				
February	.31⅛	.31⅛	.31	.31
May	.34	.34⅛	.33¾	.33¾
July	.34	.34⅛	.33⅜	.33¾
Oats—				
February	....	....	....	.22¼
May	.23⅜	.23½	.23⅜	.23⅜
July	.22½	.22½	.22⅜	.22⅜
Pork—				
May	10.87½	10.97½	10.87½	10.95
July	10.97½	11.02½	10.97½	11.02½
Lard—				
May	6.05	6.12½	6.05	6.10
July	6.12½	6.20	6.12½	6.17½
Short ribs—				
May	5.90	5.95	5.87½	5.92½
July	5.95	5.97½	5.95	5.95

Produce: Butter—Extra creamery, 23c per lb;; extra dairy, 22c; packing stock, 16c. Eggs—Fresh stock, 14c per doz. Dressed poultry—Turkeys, choice, 9½c per lb; fair to good, 8½@9c; chickens, hens, 8c; springs, 8½@9c; ducks, 9½@10c; geese, 8@9c;. Potatoes—Fair to choice, 43@50c per bu. Sweet potatoes—Illinois, $3.25@3.50 per brl. Apples—$2.00@3.50 per brl. Cranberries—Bell and bugle, $7.00@7.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Hogs—Estimated receipts for the day, 41,000. Sales ranged at $3.75@4.70 for pigs, $4.60@4.85 for light, $4.65@4.75 for rough packing, $4.70@4.92½ for mixed, and $4.75@4.95 for heavy packing and shipping lots.

Cattle—Estimated receipts for the day, 18,000. Quotations ranged at $6.00@6.40 for choice to extra steers, $5.40@5.90 for good to choice do., $4.65@5.30 for fair to good do., $4.00@4.60 common to medium do., $4.00@4.30 butchers' steers, $4.30@5.90 fed western steers, $3.40@4.90 feeding steers, $2.00@4.25 cows, $3.00@4.85 heifers, $2.80@4.25 bulls and oxen, $3.75@4.60 stags, $3.70@4.60 stags, $3.70@5.00 Texas steers, and $5.00@8.10 veal calves.

Sheep—Estimated receipts for the day, 24,000. Quotations ranged at $4.00@5.30 westerns, $3.60@5.30 natives, $5.50@6.85 western lambs, and $5.00@7.20 native lambs.

East Buffalo Live Stock.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 5.

Dunning & Stevens, Live Stock Commission Merchants, East Buffalo, N. Y., quote as follows: Cattle—Receipts, 125 cars; market dull and generally 10c lower for medium 1,250 lbs up to best heavy steers, butchers' steers and cow stuff full; firm to stronger; best heavy steers, $5.60@5.70. Hogs—Receipts, 100 cars; market active and generally higher; Yorkers and mixed, $5.10@5.12½; mediums and heavy, $5.12½@5.15; pigs, $5.15@5.25; roughs, $4.60@4.70. Sheep—Receipts, 90 cars; lambs, 5 to 15c lower; tops, $7.25@7.35, few early $7.40; culls to good, $5.75@7.15; sheep firm, mixed culls to best, $3.50@5.65; wethers and yearlings, $5.75@6.50.

St. Louis Grain.

St. Louis, Feb. 5.

Wheat—Lower; No. 2 red cash elevator, 70c; track, 70½@71½c; February, 70c; May, 70⅛c; July, 67⅝c; No. 2 hard, 67@68c. Corn—Lower; No. 2 cash, 30½c; track, 31¾@32c; February, 31⅝c; May, 31⅞@32c; July, 32¾c. Oats—Lower; No. 2 cash, 24c; track, 24¼@24½c; February, 24¼c; May, 24⅛@24¼c; No. 2 white, 26c. Rye—Steady; 52½c.

Milwaukee Grain.

Milwaukee, Feb. 5.

Wheat—½c lower; No. 1 northern, 67½c; No. 2 northern, 65@66c. Rye—Steady; No. 1, 55¾c. Barley—Firmer; No. 2, 46c; sample, 35½@46c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 25¾c.

Detroit Grain.

Detroit, Feb. 5.

Wheat—White cash, 72½c; red, 72c; May, 73¼c bid; July, 73c. Corn—Cash, 34c. Oats—White, 28½c. Rye—58c.

HUMAN BRAIN CELLS.

THEY REFUSE TO WORK UNDER TOO HIGH A PRESSURE.

Put on Too Much Steam and These Minute Organisms Go on Strike. Why Men Go Crazy or Become Absentminded.

Keeping pace with scientific thought and progress certain problems which in the past have been shelved for want of light being thrown upon them have been taken up again one by one to undergo further examination by the aid of improved science.

The newest revelation in this direction tends to the science of the mind and includes the following problems:

Why does a man act queerly when he is intoxicated?

Why is a man absentminded on occasions?

Why does a man sometimes become violently insane, often a dangerous, raving lunatic?

Such questions as these have puzzled our immediate fathers, who have hardly ever satisfactorily explained them away or indeed thrown much reliable light upon them. The human brain is composed of cells, and each cell is a simple bit of nerve substance, from one end of which, like an octopus, spring a number of tentacles, while from another part arises an arm different from them and of great length. The long arm is intended for transmitting impressions from one portion of the brain system to another, it being made to touch the tentacles or short arms of the next one to it, the latter in its turn effecting contact with a third cell, and so on.

Thus a message is conveyed and the mind gets its news. The entire brain is made up of these cells, whose number is legion and whose full strength is grouped in systems, these systems in turn being arranged in communities, the communities in clusters and finally the clusters in constellations, by which divisions they are known to physiologists.

So long as the mind is in a healthy condition each little cell, or brain octopus, attends to its business faithfully and gives no trouble, but as man generally is an animal who usually refuses to live the life spanned out by nature and adopts instead the life laid down by the modern artificial process of living, instituted forsooth by civilization, mental disturbances frequently arise through the brain becoming abused in various ways, from overwork and alcohol principally.

Your octopuslike brain cell is a living little thing, and it can endure a great deal of abuse from you, but if you should go a little too far it rebels and refuses to work any longer by breaking contact with its companion cells, which it can do by withdrawing its long arm and getting itself out of circuit. But this rebellion is conducted by whole groups of cells acting together in full harmony.

Now, the object of this "strike" is simply to avoid overwork, for each tiny cell has stored within its minute space only a certain amount of energy, but if you put on the high pressure this is easily consumed by the operation of the brain, and the organism breaks down from exhaustion. Now, take the first of the problems just stated. When a person takes too much to drink, the cells in those patches of the brain that are responsible for the conduct of muscular movement become affected and the man staggers.

When the dose is very large, the cells, which, although stupefied, have tried to keep their master on his legs, now cease working, and the man sleeps like one dead. Finally, if more than enough of alcoholic drink be taken, the effect on the cells is to paralyze them, and the unfortunate man dies.

There is some relation between extraordinary activity of the mind and insanity. Geniuses are apt to exhibit symptoms of mental alienation, and, singular to relate, their children are usually inferior to those of average men.

For instance, not to go out of England for example, Cromwell was a hypochondraic and had visions, Dean Swift inherited insanity and was himself not a little mad, Shelley was called by his friends "Mad Shelley," Charles Lamb went crazy, Johnson was another hypochondriac, Coleridge was a morbid maniac, Milton was of a morbid turn of mind, nearly approaching insanity (modern ideas of hades are largely formed on the description evolved by his diseased imagination), and Byron said he was visited by ghosts.

This mental alienation occurring in the foregoing cases shows that certain specific groups of brain cells have come under the baneful influence of the guiding spirit called talent or genius, which has used up all the energy stored in each cell and each group of cells, to the detriment of the whole, with the result that their ceasing work has brought about various types of insanity as depicted or, to phrase it more softly, induced disturbance of the mental equilibrium.

The remaining problem is absentmindedness. This is produced by a temporary disjunction of certain groups of cells. A man becomes so absorbed in his study of some particular subject and lends his whole mind to thought that the hard thinking disorganizes the groups of cells employed in the process of reflection, their tentacles being turned all one way, to the detriment of mental action generally, and so the man with the tentacles of his brain cells turned in the one direction passes along the streets lost to all observation or mental inception and does all manner of queer things because he is not conscious of what he is doing.—Pearson's Magazine.

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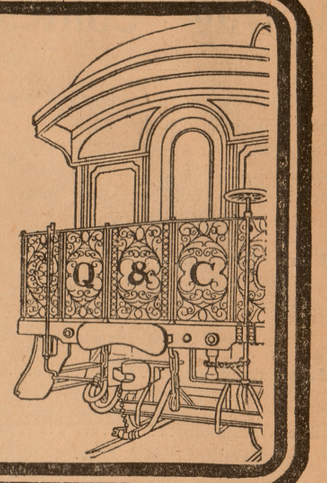

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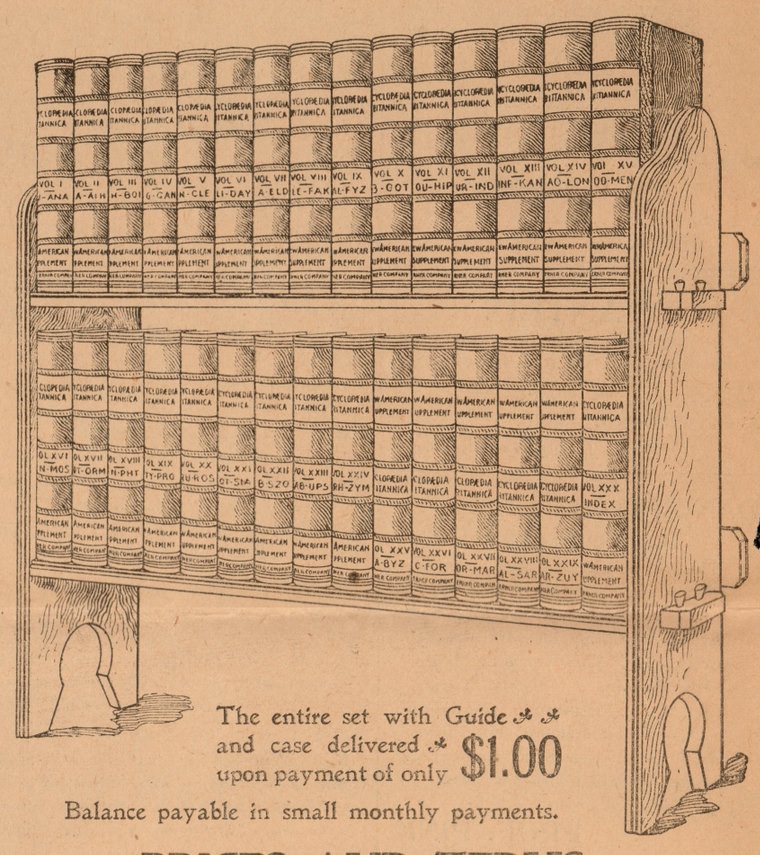

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